

# Computing Fundamentals

Salvatore Filippone

`salvatore.filippone@uniroma2.it`

2013–2014



Problem solving is an art, learned mainly by practice.

*A Pattern is the structure of a solution shared by different problems*

Typically small problems can be solved in one or a few steps, but complex problem need to:

- Be partitioned in multiple solution steps;
- The steps may be organized as nested patterns

Essential ingredient:

*How do we represent the data?*

Data collections: which tools should we use?

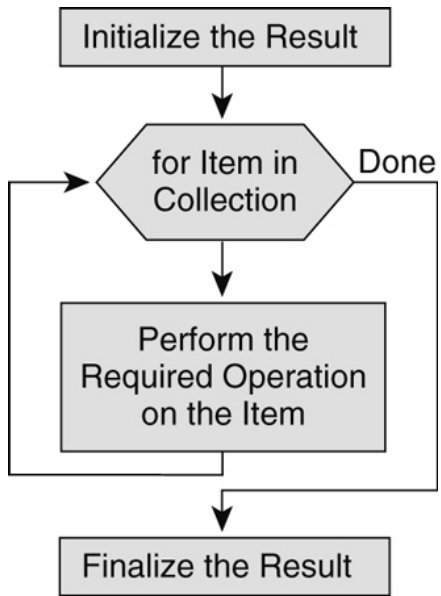
**Vectors:** Good for linear collections of numeric data, but only numeric data;

**Arrays:** Multidimensional entities, still only numeric; must work with columns/rows of same size;

**Cell Arrays:** May hold arbitrary data; using the inner data may be non trivial;

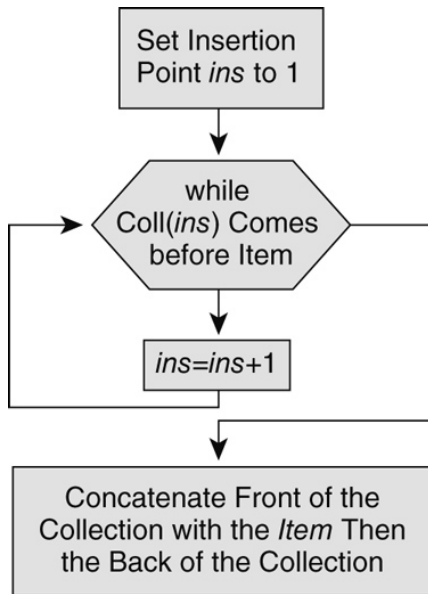
**Struct (arrays):** Natural choice for collections of uniform but complex items.

Problems involving data collections often revolve around the patterns described in the sequel.

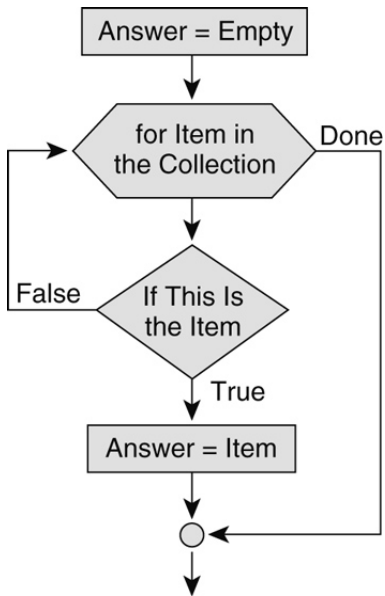




# Problem Solving Patterns: insertion

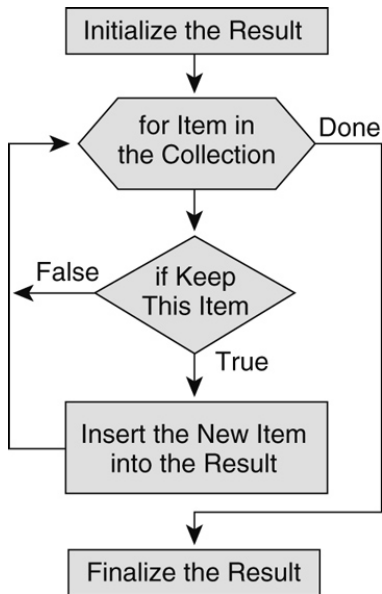


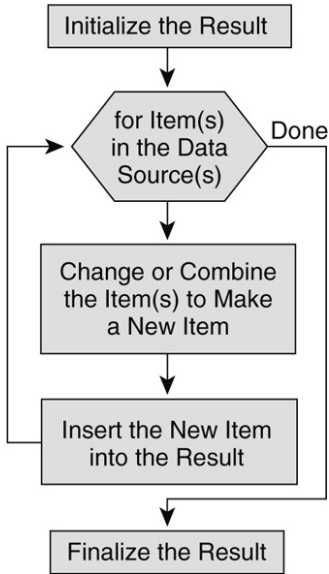
# Problem Solving Patterns: finding





# Problem Solving Patterns: filtering









# Problem Solving Patterns: copying

